

# Formal Analysis: Special interest politics

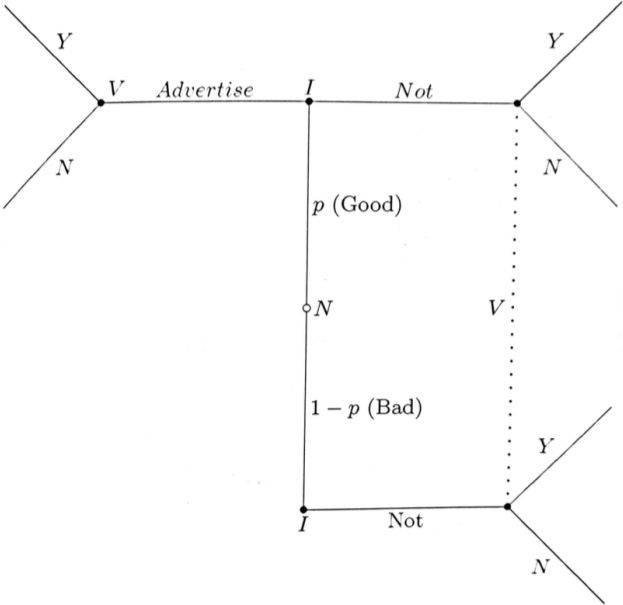
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## Simple signaling game

# Game form



# Voter

The voter values: - electing a good type - electing a politician who is not encumbered by promises to special interests

Voter payoffs: -  $\frac{1}{2}\theta$  from electing the challenger -  $\theta - a\phi$  from electing a good incumbent -  $-a\phi$  from electing a bad incumbent where  $a \in \{0, 1\}$  indicates whether the candidate advertised

Also, voter's payoff from electing the challenger augmented by  $\epsilon \sim F(\epsilon)$ , which is "strictly increasing on the real number line"

# Incumbent

- ▶ knows own type
- ▶ faces a choice of whether to advertise or not
- ▶ wants to be elected
- ▶ does not want to advertise (all else equal).



# Process

- ▶ Denote by  $\mu(a)$  the probability that the incumbent is good as a function of the advertising decision  $a \in \{0, 1\}$ .
- ▶ Write down the conditions under which the voter votes for the incumbent rather than the challenger
- ▶ Check whether, in a separating equilibrium, the incumbent wants to deviate (what does deviation mean in this case?)
- ▶ Check whether, in a pooling equilibrium, the incumbent wants to deviate (what does deviation mean in this case?)